CO₂ Capture Technology: Options and Experiences



Electricity Solutions for a Carbon-Constrained Future

August 6, 2007

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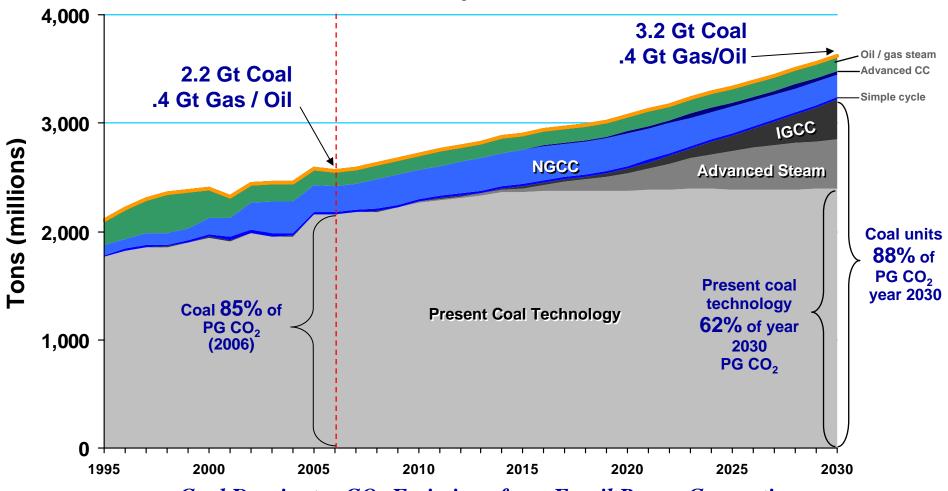
Office of Fossil Energy





Total Fossil Generation Mix CO₂ Forecast

AEO'07 Reference Case



Coal Dominates CO₂ Emissions from Fossil Power Generation Existing Coal Units Contribute 3 / 4 Cumulative PG CO₂ Through 2030

Carbon Capture Challenges

Pre-combustion

(Synthesis Gas)



- Loss of CO₂ pressure due to flash regeneration
- Cooling / refrigeration of syngas to accommodate low operating temperatures; reheating prior to combustion
- H₂ losses, particularly in membranes
- Sulfur-tolerant materials / membranes

Post-combustion

(Flue Gas)



- Low-pressure flue gas dilute in CO₂
- Steam requirement for thermal regeneration (amines)
- High compression costs and large loads due to CO₂ produced at low pressure
- Flue gas contaminants

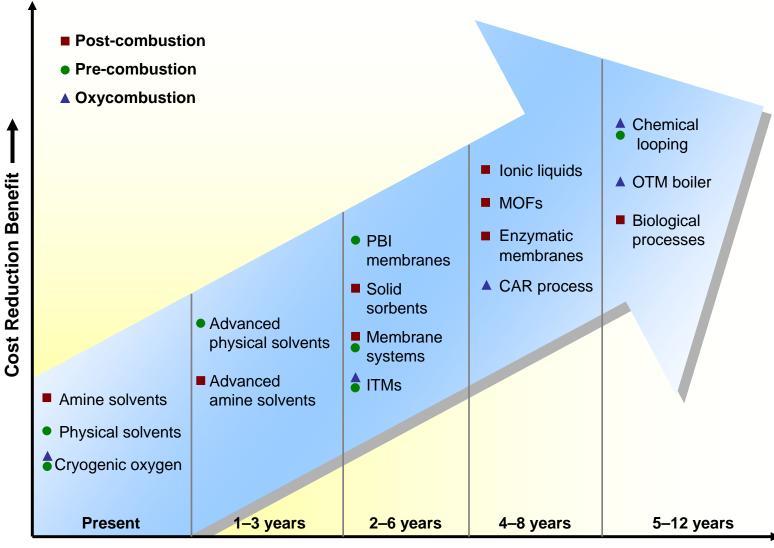
Oxycombustion



- Cost of O₂ production and materials
- Cooled CO₂ recycled to mitigate combustion temperatures



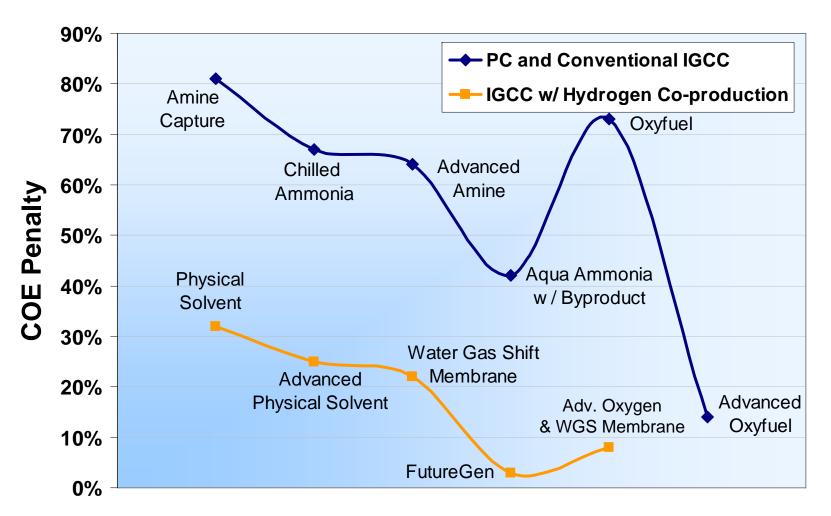
Innovation Advances





Time to Commercialization ---

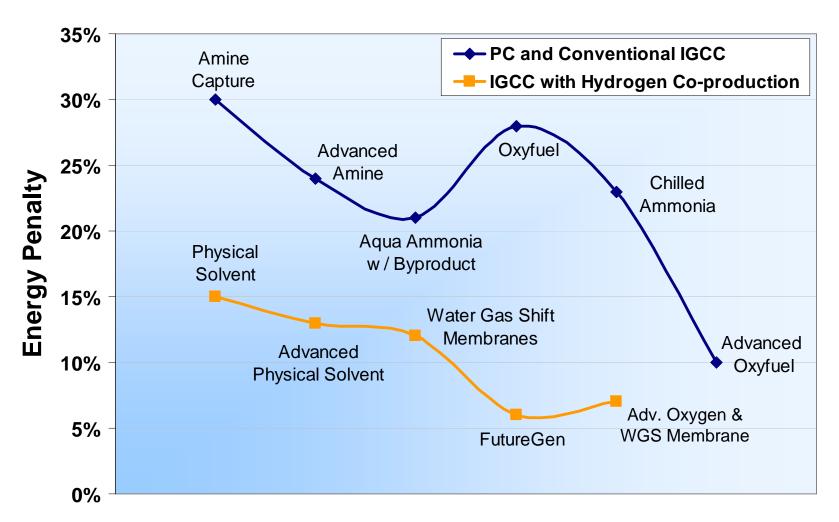
Cost of Electricity Penalty of Carbon Capture







Energy Penalty of Carbon Capture





Technology Improvements

For Additional Information

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